

2014年 第1問

1 次の各問に答えよ。ただし、 e は自然対数の底を表す。

(1) 次の関数を微分せよ。

(i) $y = \frac{\cos x}{1 - \sin x}$ (ii) $y = (x+2)\sqrt{x^2+2x+5}$

(2) 次の定積分の値を求めよ。

(i) $\int_1^2 \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}} dx$

(ii) $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sin(3x) \sin(5x) dx$

(iii) $\int_0^1 \frac{x^3 + 3x^2}{x^2 + 3x + 2} dx$

(iv) $\int_1^2 x^5 e^{x^3} dx$

数理
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和・積の公式作り方!

$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$
 $\rightarrow \cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$

$\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta) = 2 \sin \alpha \sin \beta$

$\therefore \sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} \{ \cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta) \}$

$\alpha = 3x, \beta = 5x$ を代入して。

$\sin 3x \sin 5x = \frac{1}{2} (\cos 2x - \cos 8x)$

$\frac{x(x^2+3x+2) - 2x}{x^2+3x+2} = x - \frac{2x}{x^2+3x+2}$

$= x - \frac{2x+3}{x^2+3x+2} + \frac{3}{x^2+3x+2}$

部分分
に分解!

(1) (i) $y' = \frac{-\sin x(1 - \sin x) - \cos x(-\cos x)}{(1 - \sin x)^2}$

$= \frac{1 - \sin x}{(1 - \sin x)^2}$

$= \frac{1}{1 - \sin x}$

(ii) $y' = \sqrt{x^2+2x+5} + (x+2) \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (2x+2)}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+5}}$

$= \frac{x^2+2x+5 + x^2+3x+2}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+5}}$

$= \frac{2x^2+5x+7}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+5}}$

(2) (i) $\int_1^2 \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}} dx = \left[\log |e^x - e^{-x}| \right]_1^2 = \log(e^2 - \frac{1}{e^2}) - \log(e - \frac{1}{e}) = \log(e + \frac{1}{e})$

(ii) $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sin(3x) \sin(5x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos 2x - \cos 8x dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x - \frac{1}{8} \sin 8x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}}$

(iii) $\int_0^1 x - \frac{(x^2+3x+2)'}{x^2+3x+2} + 3 \left(\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{x+2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$

$= \left[\frac{x^2}{2} - \log|x^2+3x+2| + 3 \log|x+1| - 3 \log|x+2| \right]_0^1 = \frac{5}{32} \sqrt{3}$

$= \frac{1}{2} - \log 6 + 3 \log 2 - 3 \log 3 + \log 2 + 3 \log 2$

$= \frac{1}{2} + 6 \log 2 - 4 \log 3$

x	1	$\rightarrow 2$
t	1	$\rightarrow 8$

(iv) $t = x^3$ とおくと、 $dt = 3x^2 dx$

$\int_1^8 \frac{t}{3} \cdot e^t dt = \int_1^8 \frac{t}{3} (e^t)' dt = \left[\frac{t}{3} \cdot e^t \right]_1^8 - \int_1^8 \frac{1}{3} e^t dt = \frac{7}{3} e^8$