

2013年 歯・薬学部 (中期) 第1問

 数理  
石井K

1 次の式を簡単にしなさい。

$$(1) \sqrt{32} - \sqrt{50} + \sqrt{98} - \sqrt{18} = \boxed{\overset{3}{ア}} \sqrt{\boxed{\overset{2}{イ}}}$$

$$(2) \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1 + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}} = \boxed{\overset{3}{ウ}} \sqrt{\boxed{\overset{2}{エ}}} + \boxed{\overset{4}{オ}}$$

$$(3) \{(9 + 4\sqrt{5})^5 + (9 - 4\sqrt{5})^5\}^2 - \{(9 + 4\sqrt{5})^5 - (9 - 4\sqrt{5})^5\}^2 = \boxed{\overset{4}{カ}}$$

$$(1) \text{(与式)} = 4\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{2} + 7\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2} \\ = \underline{3\sqrt{2}} \text{,,}$$

$$(2) \text{(与式)} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) + \sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})}{(1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(1 + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})} \\ = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{2})}{(1 + \sqrt{2})^2 - (\sqrt{5})^2} \\ = \frac{2\sqrt{2}(1 + \sqrt{2})}{-2 + 2\sqrt{2}} \\ = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2} + 1)}{\sqrt{2} - 1} \\ = \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2} + 1)^2}{(\sqrt{2} - 1)(\sqrt{2} + 1)} \\ = \sqrt{2}(3 + 2\sqrt{2}) \\ = \underline{4 + 3\sqrt{2}} \text{,,}$$

$$(3) x = 9 + 4\sqrt{5}, y = 9 - 4\sqrt{5} \text{ とおくと,}$$

$$\text{(与式)} = (x^5 + y^5)^2 - (x^5 - y^5)^2 \\ = 4x^5y^5$$

$$\text{ここで, } xy = (9 + 4\sqrt{5})(9 - 4\sqrt{5}) = 81 - 80 = 1 \text{ より,}$$

$$\text{(与式)} = 4(xy)^5 \\ = \underline{4} \text{,,}$$